

JURY OF FARMERS IN TRIAL OF MINERS

DROP PLANS ORGANIZE THE AUTO WORKERS

A. F. of L. Balks at Struggle

By LAWRENCE TODD,
Federated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—No special effort will be made to organize the half million workers in the motor vehicle and accessories industry this year.

Promises made and plans outlined at the convention of the metal trades department of the American Federation of Labor in Atlantic City, last fall are scrapped, insofar as the automobile workers are concerned.

This decision was reached at a meeting of the executive board of the department, in Washington headquarters, when President O'Connell brot up the question of creating this new addition to the fundamental trade union structure of the country.

Abandon Unskilled.

Executives of metal trades organizations, constituting the board, were unwilling to undertake the expense and danger involved in a big campaign of organization in the automobile factories in Detroit and elsewhere. They took the position that any funds which might be available for organization purposes should be used to increase the existing metal trades union membership in plants employing a large percentage of skilled workers—such as the General Electric plants at Schenectady, Pittsfield and Lynn, and the American Locomotive Works at Dunkirk and Richmond. These skilled men would naturally belong to the international craft unions of their trades, as they had formerly been union men and would be likely to respond to an effort to bring them back to good union standing.

Jealously Guard Jurisdiction.

No formal vote on the abandonment of O'Connell's plan for capturing the automobile industry was taken. Individual statements of views, however, disclosed the fact that his proposal that all the crafts cede a part of their jurisdiction to a new industrial union of the semi-skilled and unskilled men who are employed in these plants was not favored. Executives tried to a surrender of jurisdiction was not "practical."

Besides, the Ford and other motor companies could be expected to spend a great deal of money—so much as to make the funds of the organizers look like a mere trifle by comparison—to discredit the unionization of their men. They might succeed in destroying much of the strength of other elements of the labor movement now functioning in these motor factory cities.

ONLY DAILY WORKER BUILDERS CAN ATTEND NEW YORK BANQUET

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The DAILY WORKER banquet, which is to take place at the Yorkville Casino Sunday, Feb. 21 will be limited to the qualified members of The DAILY WORKER Builders Club. Any reader of The DAILY WORKER may become a member of The DAILY WORKER Builders Club by securing \$10 worth of subscriptions for The DAILY WORKER, the Young Worker and the Young Comrade, but only those that perform this or equivalent service for The DAILY WORKER will be admitted to the banquet.

Since the capacity of the banquet hall is only 550, and since at least 50 builders are expected to attend from other cities, the number of New Yorkers who can attend will be 500. The tickets will be issued to the first 500 readers of The DAILY WORKER who qualify by securing at least \$10 worth of subscriptions or equivalent service to The DAILY WORKER thru the New York agency. Each ticket will bear the name of the person entitled to use it. Tickets will not be transferable. For information and supplies call at The DAILY WORKER New York Agency, 108 East 14th street.

New Telephone Number.

The New York office of The DAILY WORKER has just received a new telephone number: STAYVANT 8584. Write it in your note book.

DIVIDE AND CONQUER BOTH, SAYS CAL



TEXTILE STRIKE DEMONSTRATION STIRS PASSAIC

20,000 Tailors Line Up in Monster Parade

By J. O. BENTALL,
(Special to The Daily Worker)

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 5.—Twenty thousand workers of this city joined the striking textile workers here in a parade that stirred the entire community to its very foundation, demonstrating the widespread sympathy with the strikers and putting fear into the hearts of the bosses and all their henchmen.

Parade Over Mile Long.

The line of march lead thru the main streets of Passaic in a stretch of over a mile long. It was formed by the uniting of divisions collected at the several mills and these divisions coming together near the Botany Mill from which it passed south over the tracks and up the hill past the City Hall, where Mayor McGuire viewed the vast masses in horror as he realized that this was the greatest demonstration that has ever taken place in the city over which he rules.

At the head of the line marched the leader of the strike, Albert Weisbord, followed by a band which kept the paraders in step. Clearing the way were the chief of police and his force, some on motorcycles and others hurriedly walking along the line while other cops were stationed at the crossings to keep traffic back and allow the marchers to proceed.

The first division had in it ex-soldiers in uniform with medals pinned on their breast to which they pointed with the remark, "This is all we got for fighting and now we are getting the additional medals of wage cuts."

In the line were young girls and many older women, some pushing carriages with babies in them and others carrying banners reading, "We want milk for our children, not wage cuts."

"We Want To Live."

Hundreds of banners arose out of the marching masses all along the line with pointed inscriptions on all of them.

"We want to live. We shall live."

"Slave of the mills! Awaken."

"We make woolen cloth, we wear shoddy."

"Wage cuts mean death. The bosses" (Continued on page 2.)

PAINTERS' LOCAL 637 DONATES \$100 TO AID ANTHRACITE MINERS

Chicago Painters' Local No. 637 donated \$100 towards the relief of the striking anthracite miners and has assessed its members 25 cents apiece. As there are about 1,100 members in the local, it will mean a tidy sum for the strikers in the anthracite district.

The local also went on record for a five-day week to be incorporated in the agreement to be made in the spring, between the Painters' District Council No. 14, and the Master Painters.

ARMY IS STRIKE BREAKER ADMITS GEN. BULLARD

Ole Hanson, Tool of War Dept., in Seattle

By ART SHIELDS, Federated Press.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The United States army as a strikebreaking agency has again been revealed from the inside. This time by Major General Robert Lee Bullard, also president of the National Security League. He drew back the curtain from Seattle general strike days by telling the government club at the Hotel Astor that Mayor Ole Hanson was merely a tool of the war department.

"I am letting you into a military secret," said Bullard, "when I tell you that Ole Hanson was called up from the office of the Secretary of War in Washington, and told that he must have backbone in meeting the crisis. He was told that the army would back him up in whatever steps he undertook."

The general continued in dime novel fashion to talk of the blowing up of bridges and tunnels during the war. Coupling the Seattle strike with these recitals he urged that the National Security League be still supported in its war on the reds.

Case Loses Appeal.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 5.—Rev. Carl D. Case, Oak Park, pastor, lost his final effort to have his name erased from the record in the Albert Leland divorce case, when the state supreme court denied his petition for a rehearing. Leland had charged that Case was intimate with his wife, and was granted a decree.

TRUMBULL IS RELEASED FROM ALCATRAZ JAIL

American Tailors Greet Communist Fighter

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ALCATRAZ, Cal., Feb. 5.—Walter Trumbull who was imprisoned with Paul Crouch in the Alcatraz military disciplinary barracks for belonging to the Communist League in the Philippine Islands and for carrying on Communist agitation while in the army, has been released.

Telegrams of greeting from the Chicago local of the International Labor Defense, the Workers (Communist) Party and The DAILY WORKER editorial staff and a number of other working class organizations, pointing out that Trumbull's release was a victory for the American working class and pledging themselves to carry on agitation for the release of his pal, Paul Crouch, and the other class war prisoners that are in American jails today, greeted Trumbull on his release.

In the following telegram sent by the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, it greets Trumbull on his release and pledges the party to continue to carry on its agitation for the release of Paul Crouch and all other class war prisoners:

"Stick Together Till We Win!

Every speaker pointed out the two great necessities of solidarity—"stick together till we win"—and organization—were needed to win the demands.

A committee of ten to work out plans of activity and to arrange for further parents' meetings was elected. Meanwhile the fight must go on!

New Typhoid Cure.

MOSCOW, Feb. 5.—(Tass).—Dr. Pikhomirov of the Institute of Prophylactic Sciences in Leningrad has succeeded in obtaining a ferment "bacteriophage" which destroys typhoid bacteria. This ferment was obtained from the culture of typhoid bacillae in the near future, the newly invented ferment will be tested in treating typhoid patients.

CHICAGO TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION NO. 16 DONATES \$1,850 TO AID STRIKING ANTHRACITE MINERS

Chicago Typographical Union No. 16 donated \$1,000 towards the relief of the striking anthracite miners. Besides this amount the union had lists circulated in the different shops on which it collected about \$850.

PARENTS FIGHT McANDREW EDICT ON SCHOOL TOTS

Organize to Oppose Board Transfers

That the arbitrary transfer orders of the board of education will not be swallowed down without protest by the parents of the children affected was proved beyond any doubt at the meeting of hundreds of parents of children attending the Lowell School, Cameron School, Stowe School and other schools involved in Superintendent McAndrew's recent transfer decrees.

The parents met at Bethlehem Community Center. The seriousness of the situation was explained by one parent after another who showed that Superintendent McAndrew's arbitrary changes meant the endangering of the lives of hundreds of children. The schools to which the children were transferred were far off and for the children to get to them they would have to cross dangerous boulevards and streets full of cars and autos. It was shown by one of the speakers that the high death rate of the school children was due to the utter disregard of the city authorities for their lives and health. It was also pointed out that the children who were condemned to go to schools so far away would not be able to have proper lunches, would either have to rush home for a hasty lunch or else bring cold lunches with them to school. Every parent who spoke protested against the danger to the life and health of the children involved in Superintendent McAndrew's and Miss Murphy's arbitrary transfer orders.

Several of the speakers showed why the board of education and the city authorities didn't give a hang as to what happened to the children. It was because they were all children of working people and not of a lot of rich men and politicians. Such a thing would never happen in a rich district. But the city government run by the bosses doesn't care about the children of the workers.

Keep Up the Fight! Build the Lowell Addition!

The spirit of the parents ran high and a resolution was passed by an overwhelming vote to keep up the fight until victory is achieved. The struggle against the transfer of the children out of Lowell and other schools and for the building of the Lowell addition which has been promised by the politicians again and again but which is still only a "promise." Only thru the building of this annex can the present situation in Lowell School be partially solved.

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Senate Refuses to Intervene in Strike of Anthracite Miners

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The senate went on record refusing to intervene in the anthracite strike.

By a vote of 48 to 28 with party lines split—the senate refused to lay aside the new tax reduction bill to consider the Copeland resolution, urging President Coolidge to call miners and operators to the White House to end the tie-up.

Chicago Workers Prepare to Greet Walter Trumbull

When Walter Trumbull arrives in Chicago March 5 to address a mass meeting in the North Side Turner Hall, 820 North Clark St., he will be greeted at the depot by a large delegation representing the International Labor Defense and its affiliated workers' organizations, declared George Maurer, secretary of the Chicago Local of the International Labor Defense under whose auspices the meeting is being held.

ABANDON HOPE FOR SIXTEEN AS MINE IS SEALED

Operators Greed Kills Eighteen Miners

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MORNING, Pa., Feb. 5.—Hope for the entombed sixteen miners in the Morning No. 4 mine has been given up since the sealing of the mine by the coal operators. A number of miners declares that about the time the rescue crews had located the entombed miners and in a short time would have brought them to the surface the company had that section of the mine in which the fire was raging the men were entombed sealed.

Miners Condemn Company.

When the wall is broken it is expected the charred bodies of the miners may be found. Some of the rescue crew held out hopes for the miners declaring that a number of them understood mine fires and would build a wall and protect themselves from the gases and the fire, but since that part of the mine was sealed little hope is held out as the heat and the lack of water would be enough to kill them.

Gases are being pumped out of the mine and rescue crews expect to break thru the seal tonight as they believe the fire will have been killed by then for want of air and the bodies will then be brought to the surface.

Widows Await Victims.

The widows, children, and hundreds of relatives of the sixteen miners wait at the shaft for the crews to start bringing up the miners dead or alive. They stand watching the mine with solemn faces. Not a word is said. Their eyes just look ahead—waiting—waiting. Most of those entombed in the mine have families.

The miners point out that the lives of these sixteen are a sacrifice to the greed of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Company as the company heads know that a fire was raging in the mines and did not notify the miners. Just as most of the miners had reached the surface the explosion occurred entombing those who were on their way out. If the company had let the men know the danger, the men would have been above-ground, the part sealed and there would have been no loss of life declare old-time miners.

Dismiss Armour Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 5.—The federal trade commission has dismissed its complaint against Armour & Co. charging the meat packer with concealing ownership of the Beyer Brothers creamery concern.

COMPLETE JURY FOR TRIAL OF ZEIGLER MINERS

Prosecution Fears Rank and File Unionists

BULLETIN.

BENTON, Ill., Feb. 5.—The jury selected to try the 13 Zeigler miners is composed of farmers, none of whom have any connection with the labor movement. Three of them were miners several years ago. One of them was formerly a union carpenter.

The opening statements of the prosecution and defense and the examination of prosecution witnesses will take at least several days.

By TOM BELL,
(Special to The Daily Worker)

COURT HOUSE, BENTON, Ill., Feb. 5.—The weary process of selecting a jury to try the 13 Zeigler miners charged with assault with intent to murder D. B. Cobb, sub-district vice-president of the United Mine Workers, has been completed.

Fear Rank and File Unionists.

The prosecution minutely questioned every prospective juror on the question of his affiliation to the labor movement, especially the miners' union. They ask: Did you ever have trouble with the officers of the union? Is there anything that would prevent you getting back into the union? If there were any differences over the election of officials in the union would that affect you? Would the fact that Mr. Fox and Mr. Cobb are officials of the union prejudice you against them in any way?

The sub-district officials, Fox, Cobb and Hindman, together with board member, Babington, eagerly whispered with the prosecutors during the examination and retire with them to make the decision on accepting or rejecting jurors.

Send Them to W. Va.

From the questions asked it is apparent that the prosecution is of the opinion that to any rank and file member of the union it is sufficient that Fox and Cobb are adding the prosecution to prejudice him in favor of the defendants.

One miner noticing the activity of the union officials in the courtroom remarked, "If there is nothing for these birds to do in this mine field except run around aiding in the prosecution of union miners why aren't they sent down to West Virginia where there is lots to do in the way of organizing miners?"

Railroad Progressives.

ZEIGLER, Ill., Feb. 5.—The determination of the reactionary officials of the Illinois district of the United Mine Workers to railroad the progressive leaders of the Zeigler miners to jail has been demonstrated many times since the frame-up was first hatched.

Frank Farrington, president of the district, has declared himself in favor of the procedure of dragging the members of the union into capitalist courts in an effort to get rid of them. To protests made by local unions against the actions of the Franklin county sub-district officials in laying charges against union members Farrington, hypocritically replied with the following scarcely veiled threat:

"... I advise that I am thoroughly informed as to the trouble at Zeigler and you may be sure that those men who were responsible for the unwarranted brutal assault on sub-district (Continued on page 2.)

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Picture of James L. ...
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Workers (Communist) Party

DEVELOP THE T. U. E. L. INTO THE MASS MOVEMENT OF THE LEFT WING IN THE AMERICAN LABOR MOVEMENT

THE enemies of the left wing and progressive movement in the trade unions have been attacking the Trade Union Educational League. In several trade union papers controlled by the reactionary bureaucracy there have recently appeared articles declaring that the Red International of Labor Unions has repudiated the Trade Union Educational League. These stories have also made ridiculous allegations that the Workers (Communist) Party has ceased to support, or in some manner has disavowed the Trade Union Educational League.

These reports are plain fabrications propagated by the reactionary bureaucrats, to mislead the rank and file of the workers and to destroy the left wing.

It is the duty of a Communist Party to support the militant workers struggling to build up the trade unions into fighting organs of the class struggle. In the United States, this struggle has brought into existence the Trade Union Educational League, a militant organization not merely of Communists but of the left wing and progressive trade unionists—the American section of the Red International of labor unions. Therefore, the Workers (Communist) Party supports the Trade Union Educational League today more vigorously than ever before, to the utmost of its capacities.

We warn all workers not to allow themselves to be fooled by these maneuvers of the bureaucracy whose primary purpose is to destroy the Trade Union Educational League as an effective organ for uniting the various elements comprising the left wing into a mass movement against the reactionaries in the unions and to transform the trade unions into organs of real struggle against the capitalist class. Fearing the growth of the Trade Union Educational League, the reactionary officialdom is working overtime spreading rumors of the above character calculated to undermine the confidence of the workers in the left wing.

The Workers (Communist) Party is now concentrating especially on strengthening the T. U. E. L. and working for its development into a mass movement of the left wing. The Workers (Communist) Party considers the Trade Union Educational League activities as of primary importance and unreservedly supports the Trade Union Educational League and categorically repudiates all the rumors that it has disavowed the Trade Union Educational League.

Statements have also recently appeared in the capitalist press making ridiculous attacks upon Comrade Foster and implying that his connection with the Communist International has been severed.

In denial of these slanderous rumors, we can only emphatically reaffirm our declaration of November 27, 1925. Comrade Foster is not only a member of the C. E. C. of the party, but he is a leading member of the political committee and is, at this moment, engaged as actively as ever before in a leading capacity in the party's most important work.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF AMERICA,
C. E. RUTHENBERG, General Secretary.

VILNIS SHAREHOLDERS COME TO SUPPORT OF DAILY WORKER

At a special meeting of Vilnis shareholders where methods of making the present subscription campaign a success were discussed, the goal for 2,000 new readers was received with such enthusiasm that undoubtedly the mark will be reached and passed.

The success of this drive will greatly hasten the day when Vilnis will be published as a Lithuanian daily in Chicago. An enthusiastic discussion followed and \$3,000 was raised at once as a beginning of a drive for the new daily for Lithuanian workers.

But in the midst of all this enthusiasm for a Lithuanian daily comrades expressed their opinions that regardless of how important a new Lithuanian daily may be, the fact remains that our organ, THE DAILY WORKER and its welfare holds first place among all our activities and at no time must we forget to support it. A collection of \$37.55 was then taken up for THE DAILY WORKER.

LEO KRALIK KILLED WHEN A ROTTEN ROPE BREAKS AND TANK CRUSHES SKULL

By O'ZIM, Worker Correspondent.
WEST ALLIS, Wis., Feb. 5.—In the reports of the capitalist press about an accident to Comrade Kralik, member of Workers (Communist) Party, which caused his death, it stated that he slipped and some heavy object fell on him crushing his skull.

These are the facts as I have gathered them from the widow and from others who were the first ones on the scene:

Leo Kralik did not slip while moving a small tank as was stated in the plut press. He was engaged in winding a drum on a hoisting machine. A rotten rope broke and the "small" tank fell, hitting our comrade in the face and smashing it beyond recognition. He lay unconscious and unattended for a long time, as he was working alone.

When the accident was reported the ambulance would not turn out as it was "too cold" and workers are cheap anyhow. The bosses even refused to notify this worker's family.

A fellow worker finally transported Kralik to the hospital in Kralik's own flivver, and notified his wife. Kralik suffered for seven hours before death released him. He is survived by a wife and two small children.

Telephone Lehigh 6022
DR. ABRAHAM MARKOFF
Surgeon Dentist

FIRST CLASS STARTS MONDAY IN THE DETROIT WORKERS PARTY SCHOOL

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 5.—The Detroit Workers Party School announces the opening of five classes, (1) Elements of Communism, (2) Trade Union Organization and Tactics, (3) Workers' Correspondents, (4) Public Speaking, (5) Party Policies and Campaigns. Comrades wishing to enroll for any of these classes should register at the district office, 2646 St. Aubin. All classes with the exception of Elements of Communism will be held on Thursday evening.

Class Monday Night.
Classes in "Elements of Communism" will be held on Monday evenings in the following halls:
Section 1 and 4 in the House of the Masses, Owens, instructor.
Section 2 in the South Slavic Hall 1343 E. Ferry, Radloff, instructor.
Section 3 in Finnish Hall, 5969 14th Street, Mollenhauer, instructor.
Section 5 and 6 in Brayling Hall, 2376 Grayling Hamt, Schmies, instructor.

An article giving more detailed information on other classes will appear in Monday's issue.

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WORKERS' SCHOOLISMS

Thru the merger of the Armour Engineering Institute and the Engineering School of Northwestern University, accommodations are to be provided for 1000 students. How soon will we have that enrollment?

On Monday, Feb. 1, the commercial and financial leaders of Chicago laid plans for a uniform training course in Americanism. The Communist leaders of Chicago are actually giving a training course for all workers in Leninism.

It is the success of education in Leninism that compels financiers to make attempts at education in Americanism.

The capitalists are against all isms except Americanism.

The Chicago public school trustees have started a campaign to wipe out radicalism; for the glorification of gossamerism. The Workers' School is the beginning of education that will wipe out the capitalist school system.

We are counting on all nuclei meetings this week to take up the question of enrollments for the second term, beginning Feb. 8. If you who see this will remind the nucleus about it, we'll start the term off with a bang.

Show me the chap who looks down on schooling, and I'll show you the chap who will stay in a rut. "Unity of theory and practice" is the slogan of our school. Or as the French Communist Party says: "Our education is not academic, but polemic."

Is the party school your school? Then what are you letting it do for you? And what are you doing for it?

Agitation and propaganda are becoming more and more important in our party work. The Workers' School for elementary Leninist education, as well as preparation for party work, is an indispensable part of the agitprop work.

We know that you are behind the Workers' School, but how far behind?

Lenin says: "Enroll!" This is Lenin school enrollment week.

GENERAL PETAIN CONFERS WITH SPANISH OFFICIALS ON WAR ON MOROCCANS

MADRID, Feb. 5.— Marshal Petain, lackey of French imperialism, has arrived here for a three-day conference to confer with Spanish government officials on the further butchering of Rifians in Morocco.

Strike Demonstration Stirs Passaic

(Continued from page 1)
are the murderers."

"If our parents lose this strike we perish."

"We are home loving people. We are fighting for a home."

"One for all. All for one. Solidarity."

"This parade will be watched by the workers of the whole country. It is one of the greatest demonstrations of labor we ever had," said Organizer Weisbord as he stood on the steps of a mansion as the workers finished the parade.

Present Demands.
As a result of this outpouring of workers and evidence of solidarity the United Front Committee, which is conducting the strike and organizing the mills, has decided to add to the demands presented to the bosses. The new demands are:

1. Ten per cent increase over the present wages, with back pay since the 1st of October.
2. Time and one half for overtime.
3. The 44-hour week.

4. No discrimination; recognition of the mill committees and the union.
5. Decent sanitary conditions.
These revised demands were presented to the mass meeting at Neubauer's Hall after the parade and the two thousand workers that crowded the hall gave their unanimous approval. They will be acted upon by the United

COME AND ROOT FOR YOUNG WORKERS AT SOCCER GAME SUNDAY

By CHARLES ERICKSON.

The indoor tournament by the International Soccer League will be held Sunday afternoon, Feb. 14 at the 124th Field Artillery Armory located at 3401 Wentworth Ave. Nationalist and workers' sports organizations will take part. Among these are two outstanding young workers' organizations known as members of the Workers Sports Alliance whose members take an active part in the struggles of the workers. Come and help root and cheer when they take the field against their Bohemian rivals, the Olympics II.

CHINA CENTER OF WORLD CONFLICT, SAYS 'ANISE'

By JAMES H. DOLSEN.

A reporter for the Chicago Daily News was interviewing Anna Louise Strong. "I suppose General Feng, or whatever they call him, won't be heard of again?" he queried. Her face lighted up with an amused smile, and she replied: "That's what the capitalists think. They're badly mistaken, tho. I met Feng when I was in Northern China. I shall tell my lecture at Hull House Sunday night some significant things which are happening in that vast country, facts which were the subject of my conversation with this central figure in the civil war now going on between the Chinese militarists backed by the imperialist powers and the national revolutionary armies representing the forces of the Kuomintang."

Six weeks spent in China just prior to her return to this country from years of residence abroad, principally in Soviet Russia, have given Miss Strong a wealth of first-hand information about conditions in the Far East. She agrees with the views of the leaders of the Communist International concerning the tremendously important place which the awakening of China is bound to take in the international struggle of the next decade. "The theater of international conflicts in the immediate future is destined to be the Orient," she declares, adding that already the Soviet Union has acquired an enormous influence in sections of China and among large groups of the Chinese.

An interesting and instructive story—this she has to tell. It will, moreover, be the first report by an eye witness of the present situation in China that has been afforded the workers of the city. The meeting is under the auspices of the International Workers' Aid.

IMPORTANT MEETING OF PARTY FUNCTIONARIES IN N. Y. SUNDAY, FEB. 7

NEW YORK, N. Y., Feb. 5.—All the organizers, secretaries, and agitprop directors of the shop and street nuclei of the entire city together with all the section organizers, subsection executives, will meet on Sunday, Feb. 7th at 11 a. m. at 108 E. 14th St., 3rd floor to discuss the content and distribution of the Communist press.

The meeting Sunday is the first one ever held by the party in this district where all the functionaries will come together to discuss the Communist press. Every party functionary of every shop and street nucleus, every member of the sub-section executive, and every section organizer must attend this meeting.

Craft Union Reaction in A. F. of L. in New Blow at Solidarity of Labor

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

TODAY, the American Federation of Labor records another victory for craft unionism and disintegration in the suspension of the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Employees.

It is a triumph for reaction as typified in the person of the treasurer of the A. F. of L., Dan Tobin, of the Teamsters' Union, who carries on an age-old fight on behalf of his organization to scoop in a few members here and there under a craft charter granted his union more than a quarter of a century ago.

Tobin won the decision of the Atlantic City convention of the A. F. of L. last October, that the railway clerks must turn over to his union several thousand so-called "express drivers." The fact that the work of these drivers is intimately tied up with that of railway clerking, in fact many of these workers doing more clerking than driving, makes no difference. It makes just as little difference as the fact that the bakery wagon drivers are close to the Bakers' Union, but Tobin must needs fight this drift away from craft unionism in his efforts to win a few more members for his exclusive craft union.

This development means just another independent union outside the fold of the recognized American labor movement. The railway clerks' union had already been split because of its jurisdictional struggle within the A. F. of L. fold. Whether unity can be secured outside the A. F. of L. remains to be seen.

The railway clerks certainly do not have the advantages of the "railway brotherhoods" in holding their members together. It is looked upon as a "war baby" by A. F. of L. officials and receives the resulting treatment. It came into existence during McAdoo's regime over the railroads during the war, winning a large membership by governmental consent. It brought together masses of workers that had hitherto not been organized.

Its backward outlook, however, was revealed in the fact that it drew the color line in its membership against Negro workers. These Negro workers have been compelled, in order to get any organization at all, to build "Jim Crow" unions. They had separate delegates at the last A. F. of L. convention and had to make their own fight to abolish the race line in building the trade unions.

What a spectacle! The delegates of the Railway Clerks' Union, in the A. F. of L. convention, fought on the one hand by the reactionary craft bureaucrats, and on the other hand fighting the efforts of the Negro workers to develop the union into a fighting working class organization.

The announcement of the suspension of the Railway Clerks' Union comes simultaneously with the declaration that the A. F. of L. will scrap its plans for an organization campaign in the automobile industry. This campaign, along with the showing of a "labor movie" had been long exploited as the great effort to reach the millions of unorganized.

This confession of inability to even attempt an automobile organization drive and the renewed support given reactionary craft policies constitutes a challenge to every progressive in the American labor movement. It is another surrender growing out of the class-collaboration policies of the present Green regime in the A. F. of L. that must be fought energetically.

The slogan of "Amalgamation or Annihilation!" was never more appropriate than now. Let militants raise that slogan now so that it will be heard by every worker thruout the land.

Trumbull Is Released from Alcatraz Prison

(Continued from page 1)
the establishment of the workers and farmers Soviet Republic.

"C. E. Ruthenberg, General Secretary."

The DAILY WORKER editorial staff sent the following greeting to Trumbull pointing out that his release is a victory for the American working class and welcoming his return to active Communist work following his imprisonment in one of the American imperialism's bastilles:

"The DAILY WORKER staff greets you upon your release from American imperialism's Alcatraz prison. This is an encouraging victory for the American working class. We welcome your return to freedom and to the renewal of the Communist work for which you were imprisoned.—DAILY WORKER Editorial Staff."

The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense, in the name of a 15,000 members, greets Trumbull on his release from Alcatraz prison here during the war hundreds of objects to the imperialist war were tortured because they refused to fight to save Morgan's millions and pledges of self to fight for the release of Paul Robeson and the other victims of the class war who are in jail today for fighting for better conditions for the working class.

"Chicago local International Labor Defense, in name of fifteen thousand individual and affiliated members, send you heartfelt greetings on occasion of your release from Alcatraz prison."

RUSSIAN PLAY GIVEN AT WORKERS' HOUSE THIS SUNDAY, FEB. 7

"The Jail," a drama in 4 acts will be presented in the Russian language Sunday, Feb. 7, at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St., under the leadership of the well-known Russian actor Anatoly Pokotilov. Beginning at 8:30 p. m. Admission 50 cents.

CHICAGO CLASS FOR WORKER CORRESPONDENTS NOW MEETS ON MONDAY

With the beginning of the second semester of the Chicago worker correspondents' class the day has been changed to Monday instead of Friday. The class now meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in the editorial office of THE DAILY WORKER.

A part of the session in the second term will be devoted to instructions in how to write. Students must not fail to bring in the work assigned to them so that the class can proceed with the next lesson. Now is the time for new students to enroll and every nucleus should instruct their correspondent to attend without fail.

The New York worker correspondents' class meets every Monday night at 8 at the Workers' School, 108 East 14th Street.

Farmers Constitute Jury in Miners' Trial

(Continued from page 1)

officials while in the discharge of their duty will be held accountable for their dastardly conduct . . . (Signed) "Frank Farrington."

Persecute Progressives.

The sub-district officials, Fox, Cobb and Hindman, have done their worst to prevent the Zeigler miners from securing support for their trial. Because they issued a leaflet entitled "The Facts About Zeigler" four members of the union were suspended from the organization for six months and barred from taking office for a period of two years.

Among these suspended members were Henry Corbinahay, Matt Crnoevich, and Frank Skibinski. All of them are under charges in the courts made by these very union officials.

Babbington's Ruling.

To their appeal against their suspension by sub-district president, Lon Fox, to district board member, David Babbington, they received the following answer:

"Johnston City, Ill.,

"January 4, 1926.

"Dear Sir: Following is my decision in your appeal case which was heard Dec. 23 wherein you appealed to me from the decision of sub-district president, Lon Fox, who under Section 3, Art. 20, International constitution, suspended you from membership for a period of six months and ruled you were not eligible to hold office in any branch of the organization for a period of two years.

"DISPOSITION.

"I find that the evidence shows that you made no protest of your name being on a circular that was got out in August, which was called 'The Facts About Zeigler.' The evidence shows that you made no attempt in the local to prove that you had nothing to do with the circular, nor made no attempt to recall it. However, some four months later, when being tried by the sub-district you denied that you had authorized the use of your name on the circular.

"This circular carried many false statements about the officers and members of our organization, and your name being on the same makes it conclusive proof that you are guilty of the charges. You also stated that some of the statements contained in the circular were untrue.

"Therefore, the decision of the sub-district president, Lon Fox, is hereby sustained and I so decide. (Signed) "David Babbington, "Board Member."

The statement in the letter from Babbington that these suspended had admitted that some of the statements contained in the circular were untrue is absolutely unfounded. The suspended miners still maintain that every word in the circular is true.

The above actions of the sub-district officials, Farrington and Babbington, has been followed up during the trial with their open collaboration with the prosecuting attorney against the Zeigler miners.

Try to Jail Militants.

What is going on at Benton Court House is an attack on progressive members of the miners' union by the officialdom who are deliberately using the capitalist court to frame up these miners and have them sent to jail. This open collaboration of union officials and state's attorneys put the whole trial in its proper setting, and demonstrates to every worker what is really going on today in Benton Court House.

He will like it! Give your union brother a sub to THE DAILY WORKER.

A Masquerade in Philadelphia For Our Daily.

ATTEND THIS JOYOUS

DAILY WORKER BALL

at MERCANTILE HALL, Broad and Market St.

Friday, February 19





Worker Correspondence

1000 WORKER CORRESPONDENTS BY JANUARY 13 1927



His Gold Bags Hoist Him to Heaven



Frank Munsey, publisher, died recently leaving his millions to the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

SAM'S HOPES SHATTERED

By A. ROSENFELD,
New York Worker Correspondent.

For a long time Sam had been thinking of asking the boss for a raise. "Why shouldn't I?" he would say to himself. "It is almost impossible to live on the salary I am getting. The family is large, and the cost of living high, and here is winter coming." A dollar or two added to the weekly salary would mean much to him but Sam couldn't choose an opportune time for the occasion he was planning.

He did not consider it proper to suddenly ask the boss for a raise. He thought to converse with the boss about such matters it is necessary that he choose an opportune moment, when the boss is in a good humor.

Many a time it seemed to Sam the opportune moment had arrived. He sees the boss walking leisurely in the shop, beaming with pleasure, listening to the sounds of the machines, as if it were the sweetest music. He sees the boss happily looking at the workers as they are concentrating all their energies upon their work, fear-

ing to turn their heads away. Sam would think at such a moment, this is the time to realize his hopes, but as soon as he made his first motion to advance towards the boss, he met his cold glance, which struck him with fear and left him motionless. When he recovered, he would murmur to himself, "I will try another time."

Week and months passed until Sam getting a good bawling out from his wife for the meager pay envelope he always brings her, resolved that, let the worst happen, he would ask for his raise that week, on Friday, when the boss hands out the pay envelopes. He will convince him that he is entitled to a raise. Hasn't he been with the firm for such a long time?

Friday came. Here is the boss coming along. Sam starts to prepare his talk but before he opened his mouth, his envelope was handed to him with a remark made by the boss, who quickly disappeared. Sam remained motionless, trying to recall what the boss had said: "Laid off" was ringing in his ears and looking at the pay envelope he read, "Your services are no longer required."

"Oh, hell," Sam murmured quietly gathering his working clothes, "even to think of a raise is not allowed."

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If you want a certain book and
you can't come down—just call SEELEY 3563

COAL OPERATORS BLACKLIST ALL MILITANT MINERS

Toiler Tells of Methods Used by Bosses

By a Worker Correspondent.

The following letter which was received by THE DAILY WORKER from a coal miner in Arcadia, Kansas, District No. 14, who has been blacklisted by the coal operators for his part in the struggle against the Kansas Industrial court and for his suing a company for damages sustained when rock fell on him in a mine hurting his spine shows to what extent the mine barons will go to get class war fighters:

Fought Against Slave Law.

During the fight against the damnable industrial court slave law I supported Alexander Howatt, whom you know well as the greatest leader of the United Mine Workers of America. During this fight one John L. Lewis put me out of the organization which I had been a member of for over 25 years—just for fighting for justice.

I was in that fight from the beginning to the end. We were on strike for thirteen months. Then we went back to work—those of us who could get work. I had been the president of my local and a member of the mine committee and thru having a well organized local union at our mine we were all able to get our jobs back.

Hurt in Rock Fall.

I had worked in the mine but two months when about two tons of rock fell on my back, mashing me up quite badly. The company paid me compensation from Oct. 29, 1922, to July, 1923, when they stopped paying me.

As I have a family of six to support and was the only one that worked I sued the company to get my compensation. I finally settled with them for \$2,300, out of which I paid my lawyer \$1,000.

As I had run up huge bills during the time I was on strike and during the period from which my compensation ended until I settled with the company, all I had left was \$100.

Unable to Find Job.

I tried to find a job. Everywhere I was told there was nothing doing. A friend of mine leased a mine. I went to him and asked for a job. He gave it to me. I had only been working there but a short time when E. M. Roberts, superintendent of the mine I was injured in, approached my friend and told him that he must fire me. My friend refused. The superintendent then threatened to cancel the insurance.

After my friend had made arrangements with another insurance company, the superintendent showed up and insisted I be fired. A month later my friend's lease on the mine ran out. He tried to get a renewal. But Roberts had put a bug in the head of the company that had leased the mine and my friend was not given a renewal until he agreed to fire me. I was then out of work again.

On Company Blacklist.

It had been made impossible for me to get a job in this state. The company I worked for before has sent my name to every company in the state and I have been put on the blacklist. This is how far a company will go to get rid of a class war fighter.

William Brackston.

PROLET-TRIBUNE NO. 5, RUSS LIVING NEWSPAPER, WILL BE OUT FEB. 20

The next issue of Prolet-Tribune, the Russian living newspaper, will be out Saturday, Feb. 20, at the Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St. It will be the fifth number of the paper.

Beginning at 8 P. M.
Admission 25 cents.

"Say it with your pen in the worker correspondent page of THE DAILY WORKER."

Lectures:

IN NEW YORK! SCOTT NEARING

"WHAT I THINK OF SOVIET RUSSIA"

Cooper Union, Sat., Feb. 13, 2:30 P. M.
Admission 75c NOW, \$1.00 at Door.

"EDUCATION IN THE SOVIET REPUBLIC"

Community Church, Tuesday, Feb. 23, 8:15 P. M.
Adm. \$1.00 and 75c NOW, \$1.25 and \$1.00 at Door.

Tickets on Sale NOW
New Masses, 38 West 8th Street
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IN CHICAGO!

"The Story of the Earth" and "History of Mankind" by Samuel Ball, every Sunday, 7:30 P. M., 641 W. Washington St. Every Saturday, 3721 Cottage Grove Ave., 7:45 P. M. Questions and discussion from the floor.

STEEL BOSSES' SAFETY DEPARTMENT SUCCESSFULLY USED AGAINST MEN

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

WOODLAWN, Pa., Feb. 5.—The Jones and Langlin Steel corporation has installed a safety department and uses it as an instrument for its own protection when workers meet their death in the plant. Not one thing has been done to make the plant safer since the safety department and the men are killed and maimed as much now as ever, if not more.

Worker Found Dead.

Recently a man was killed here working on the night shift. He was found dead in the morning in a ditch fifteen feet deep. He was thrown out and his friends had to collect money for his burial. A short time ago two men were killed, one with a wire cable and the other was run over by the engine in the plant.

When these things happen the safety department heads say: "He had no business to go there." And that is the extent of the safety department's duties in the plant and the help it is to the workers.

The men put up with everything because it is the only place of employment here. When a man has a family and a home he must stick and the employers know it. The Negroes are much worse off for they are even beaten up with blackjacks and if they raise their voices in protest they are driven out of the town.

My Experience in a Logging Camp

By WINIFRED G. SHATS.

(Worker Correspondent.)

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 4.—Two years ago, I "shipped" to a logging camp fifty miles from Seattle as flunky (waitress). The kitchen crew was composed of nine, head cook, second, baker, kitchen helper, dishwasher and four women flunkies for two hundred men.

Each girl had fifty men at a table to wait on. We were in the dining room from 6 a. m. until 2 p. m. Then we went to the store room and peeled three sacks of potatoes by hand. That took us until about 3:30. We then rushed to our rooms to wash up and put on a clean apron, then back to the dining room at 4:30 to prepare the tables for the evening meal.

Putrid Meat Used for Men.

In the evening we put up eighty lunches. We were allowed so much for each lunch, sometimes we would try to steal a few extras to put in, but of course, if we were caught we got a calling down from the head cook. I have seen meat cut up for these lunches with the maggots crawling out of it and we were told if the maggots were too thick to throw it away.

One of the cook's favorite dishes was codfish and cream, if there was any left the cream was washed off and a salad, (can anyone who reads this imagine a "codfish salad?") made for supper. This head cook was a company man and very economical for the company.

There is an eight-hour day and a six-day week law for women in the state of Washington. But the women in all logging camps in the northwest work from 6 a. m. until 9 p. m. seven days a week. The monthly wage in the camp I was in was fifty-five dollars.

If J. L. Blackburn, who thinks the camps are such wonderful places, would go to some of these camps and work there he would get his eyes

opened, but from the way he writes I think they are glued shut. The men never had enough to eat while I was there. No man ever got such wages or worked themselves up to such sums as he stated, it is an impossibility. As members of the company they got those sums but they don't take working stiffs in. The highest paid man in the camp I was in was the high climber, \$5.00 per day. The lowest paid was the bull cook, \$60.00 per month. He makes the beds, keeps the bunkhouses clean, and brings fuel for the cook house. All men paid \$1.40 a day for board and bed.

Every man must go thru a clearing house before he is sent to any camp, and if it be found that he belongs to any organization of a radical nature he is not accepted.

I worked almost two months in this camp, I then came to Seattle and reported the conditions to the labor commissioner here. He wrote to the company and sent me their reply. They stated they would investigate and if conditions were as I said, they would take care of it. I had a friend in camp who kept me informed and nothing was done. I then wrote to the women's department in Olympia. But as yet the girls are grinding away from 6 a. m. until 9 p. m. They are not organized, and therefore, can do nothing.

Just a little incident while coming in on the train. A lady said to me, "Have you been out in the woods camping?" I said, "Yes, lady, I have been out in the woods, but I have been working in a logging camp." She said, "Oh, how terrible, weren't you afraid of those terrible I. W. W.'s?" I said, "No, lady, I would rather be with a bunch of I. W. W.'s than preachers or bankers." She moved into the next seat, and judging by the way her escort was dressed, he was a preacher and she his wife.

arty. About a fifth are Communists. All are young.

Sun Yat Sen university is controlled by the Society for Assisting the Sun Yat Sen university. This is a private association under the chairmanship of Ioffe, former soviet minister to China. Trade unions and cooperative societies belong to the Association. Interested persons may likewise join it. The association is establishing branches in Russia and expects to establish a similar organization in China. The association has no connection with the soviet government and receives no financial support outside of the dues paid by its members.

Is it worth while to write it up? Of course it is. Write it up and send it in, and then watch it in the paper. Notice the corrections that have been made by the editors. You will profit

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WORKERS' SCHOOL HAS DRIVE FOR A \$10,000 FUND

Larger Quarters Needed to House Classes

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The drive for a \$10,000 fund to enlarge the Workers' School will be opened in New York Monday, Feb. 8, with A. Ravitch as director of the drive.

The Workers' School is now the largest institution offering working class education in the entire country. It has grown steadily and its registration this year is much too large for the present floor space and equipment. Additional courses are about to start for the second winter term and this will further strain the inadequate physical equipment of the school. The new registration for the term to begin Feb. 15, is already coming in and the English classes are starting even earlier.

The drive committee plans to carry their campaign into the unions and into the fraternal organizations of the workers of New York and vicinity. The drive includes circulation of lists, addressing meetings, arranging debates, forums and other affairs, and will end about the middle of March with a big concert and mass meeting for which there will be an interesting printed program, containing articles on workers' education and contributions from the students of the school and the teachers.

Workers of New York and vicinity are urged to get behind the drive to build a bigger, better workers' school in New York. The headquarters of the school is at 108 E. 14th street, Room 34, and donations, requests for lists and catalogue of courses should be sent to that address.

Where Is Prosperity Calvin Coolidge? Ask Tacoma Union Plumbers

TACOMA, Feb. 5.—Out of 255 working days in a year, 91 journeymen plumbers average 107 working days in 1924. In 1925, 17 journeymen plumbers averaged 121 working days. The time worked by the apprentices is not included. This addition would increase the average number of days worked but decrease the average wages paid.

In 1924, plumbers' average annual earnings were \$1,070 and in 1925 \$1,210. Many members of the Plumbers' and Steamfitters' Local Union No. 82, have left town because they could only secure half time work. These conditions show the falsity of the Coolidge prosperity myth.

Peasants Adopt Orphans.

MOSCOW, (Tass) Feb. 5.—The presidium of the Moscow council has passed the rules regulating the sending of homeless children from the Children's Homes to peasant families. Every peasant family, adopting such a child, receives a land grant for each child, till he reaches the age of 18. The child is supplied with all necessary clothing, linen, shoes, and the sum of 10 roubles is given to the peasant at the adoption of the homeless child. At the age of 18, the adopted takes charge himself of the land.

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by Frederick Engels.

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Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

Abandon Drive in Auto Industry

In spite of the announced determination of the Metal Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor, formulated at the Atlantic City convention last fall, to organize the workers in the automobile industry, nothing has been done. More than that, nothing is to be done.

A recent meeting of the department, held in Washington, abandoned plans for a drive in this frightfully unorganized and underpaid industry. At the meeting it was disclosed that some of the leaders proposed that each craft union having membership in the industry cede some of its jurisdiction so that a new industrial union of the semi-skilled and unskilled could be built up in the industry. This was rejected by the executives of the unions who considered surrender of a part of their jurisdiction was not "practical."

Such opposition from reactionary officials is to be expected. Nothing is practical that would interfere with their jobs as leeches upon the labor movement. To cede part of their jurisdiction in favor of an industrial union as a preliminary to a determined organization drive would vindicate and popularize the program of amalgamation of the metal trades unions. The inevitable next step would be amalgamation of the unions in that industry. Each set of petty officials look to their own interests and resent anything that threatens their jobs as czars within their own domains.

Then, again, there is the reluctance to enter a fight against a powerful, highly centralized industry such as the auto industry. It would entail a real campaign to organize the unorganized and its success would tend to revolutionize the labor movement by enabling the semi-skilled and unskilled to gain the ascendancy in the A. F. of L. over the highly skilled craftsmen, many sections of which are corrupted by the super-profits of imperialism.

Against this shameful abandonment of the promised campaign the left wing in all the metal trades unions should more insistently than ever raise the slogans of *amalgamation and organize the unorganized*.

Daugherty Again!

No wonder Cal Coolidge so desperately tried to stop the investigation of Harry M. Daugherty, his one-time attorney general, and leader of the "Ohio gang" of political crooks, by reviling those senators who insisted upon prosecuting the investigation!

The removal of Daugherty from his office as chief of the law enforcement department of the United States government was tantamount to blowing the lid off the cesspool of republican politics as practiced by the late Harding.

A grand jury in New York has recently brought to light the fact that Daugherty claimed to be without money when he became attorney general and that he became, in the short space of a year, a comparatively rich man, thru various shady deals. When Daugherty was called to testify he declined to do so on the ground that he might incriminate himself. Examination of his brother brought out evidence that the man who nominated Warren G. Harding as president of the United States deposited his loot in a bank in Ohio under a fictitious name and, after the scandals in his department forced him out of office, he burned the records in order to cover up his crookedness.

When Daugherty issued his infamous injunction against the striking shopmen in 1922 we branded him as the hired lackey of the scab shop interests of the country. His acts at that time caused thousands of workers to despise the government he represented. Recent revelations prove that it is utterly impossible for anyone to sink too low to become the highest officer in the government of the United States.

It Must Be a French Joke

Press dispatches state that the French government has instructed the ambassador to Washington to raise the question of American profiteering on sales of war supplies to France before the debt commission. Someone has reached the conclusion that the patriotic Yankees profiteered to the extent of 48 per cent on supplies sold France. Now France hints that this 48 per cent should be taken off the debt.

All this may be true. It is not only probable, but quite possible, that American manufacturers did sell war materials to France at inflated prices and that the United States did collect taxes from the profits of these manufacturers which amounted to approximately 48 per cent. But surely the French are not so naive as to suggest that our best American patriots should forgo their profits on war materials. The proposal must be a French joke, but it is questionable if Wall Street will see the point.

Perhaps the debt may be cut in half, but if it is it will be because the House of Morgan must endeavor to stabilize the franc in order to secure future investments in France, and not because someone profiteered during the war. To question the right of Americans to profiteer is an insult to all the traditions of patriotism from Washington down to date and no Frenchman should treat such a sacred institution with levity under threat of serious international complications.

IN MEMORIAM

POCATELLO, Idaho, Feb. 5.—E. F. Wickman was ruthlessly run down and killed by an automobile driven by a man under the influence of moonshine. By his death the Workers (Communist) Party of this state of which he was a member has lost an untiring, devoted worker. For twenty years he has fought for his class, first lining up with the socialist party and then in the Communist movement. The gorgeous floral decorations from the union, the Cement Workers, the Scandinavian association, the Workers (Communist) Party and his numerous friends was a fitting tribute to his memory.

BREWING TROUBLE IN MOSUL



The reality of the imperialist conspiracies carried out thru the world court and the league of nations far exceeds the legendary phantoms arising from the witches' cauldrons.

The World Court as a Weapon Against the Colonies

By H. M. WICKS.

THE system of mandates established by the league of nations is a new form of colonial exploitation. Eleven of these mandates have been granted by the league in Asia, Africa and the Pacific Ocean. They are the spoils of the imperialist war. The theory of the mandates system is that the league is responsible for the gradual uplifting of the inhabitants of these areas until they become "capable of self-government," but assigns the responsibility for the enforcement of each mandate to a given nation. In practice the nation holding the mandate exercises the same despotic rule that is applied to colonies gained thru individual conquest.

As an important part of the league of nations, the world court plays a major role in this new form of colonial exploitation. The classic formulation of the relationship of the court to the mandates is contained in article 26 of the mandate granted Great Britain in Palestine, which provides that:

"The mandatory agrees that if any dispute shall arise between the mandatory and any other member of the league of nations relating to the interpretation or the application of the provisions of the mandate; such dispute, if it cannot be settled by negotiation, shall be submitted to the permanent court of international justice."

Similar provision is embodied in each of the 11 mandates. Like all other articles of the Versailles conspiracy and the various treaties and covenants based upon that instrument of world imperialism, the clause is vague and can be interpreted in any manner convenient for the powers that dominate the court and the league.

The Mosul Decision.

ONE of the British mandates is the Kingdom of Iraq (formerly Mesopotamia). The Anglo republic (Turkey) extends to the border of Iraq. In negotiations being conducted between Britain and Turkey at Lausanne in 1923, no agreement could be reached regarding the boundary between Iraq and Turkey. The disputed territory is known as Mosul and is supposed to contain oil in great quantities. Failing to reach an agreement on the question of Mosul oil, which Britain claimed for Iraq, in order, thru its mandate to add to the power of the British oil trust, the treaty was finally signed on July 24, 1923, and instead of settling the question at that time article three of the treaty of Lausanne provided that "frontier between Turkey and Iraq shall be laid down in friendly arrangement to be concluded between Turkey and Great Britain within nine months." In case of no agreement being reached within that time the case was to be referred to the council of the league of nations.

Decisions on such questions according to the covenant of the league must be unanimous. With Turkey having a vote in the league there was no possibility of a decision being reached that was detrimental to her interests. At least that was the interpretation formerly placed upon the rights of members of the league and on that basis Turkey placed her head in the noose.

When, after nine months, the case could not be decided for the simple reason that Britain was determined to get control of the Mosul oil fields, it was referred to the council of the league of nations. Turkey then

asked the council of the league to grant its rights that had been so flagrantly denied by England. The council referred the case to the world court for an "advisory opinion" regarding the extent of the power and the manner in which the decision should be reached. This move was not exactly plain to Turkey at first, the glibbly Turks had been under the illusion, held to this day by many American pacifists and others of the so-called crew, that the provisions for settling such disputes were clear and that the representative of Turkey would have a vote on the question. In order to deprive Turkey of the vote on the question of Britain pillaging its own territory, the court decided that the league had the right to decide the case but that neither of the contesting parties should have a vote on the council. Such was the world court decision on Mosul.

The Deal With France.

TURKEY might have had the support of France on the league council but for the insurrection in Syria. In that mandated area that had been granted to France a fierce colonial war was raging, with France getting the worst of it. The almost frightfulness had been used against the Syrians and Druses by France, but the natives were able to shatter the ranks of the imperialist hordes with sledgehammer blows. The storming of Damascus and the burning of thousands upon thousands of human beings beneath the ruins of that ancient city threatened to arouse the world of Islam in a fury of anti-imperialist hatred, which for a time seemed to threaten the whole mandates system in the Near and Middle East.

Britain taking advantage of the situation called together the council of the league of nations with the intention of raising the question of the French mandate in Syria in order to get an excuse to declare the French government incompetent to administer the mandate. The objective of Britain was and is to wrest from France the Syrian mandate so that it can join it with its Palestine mandate. Everything was set for the assault on this mandate when the Turkish claim to Mosul came up. Britain faced a dilemma. If she antagonized France on Syria, then she would lose Mosul. If she retained Mosul she would have to abandon, for the time at least, her designs on Syria. This situation forced her to forego the aims in Syria in order to get French support in Mosul. The result was, of course, the decision of the league in favor of the claims of Great Britain in Mosul.

An Instrument of War.

THUS we see that the league of nations and its world court is not, as its supporters would have us believe, an instrument for enforcing peace, but a diplomatic arena in which the conflicts between the imperialist powers are fought out; it is a fraudulent court which grants legal and "moral" sanction to the victors in the last world war to impose their will by force upon the mandated areas.

Ere long the conflicting interests of the imperialist powers will reach a point where they can no longer be settled within the league thru diplomatic intrigue and then all the cumulative malice and greed will burst forth into another war. The mandates of the league are all potential powder magazines.

Turkey refuses to recognize the league decision on Mosul and will take advantage of the first opportunity to deliver a blow at Britain. And

the British imperialists know that in case of a war in Europe Turkey can be counted as one of the enemies against her.

Unquestionably Britain also had a hand in stirring up hatred against France in Syria as an excuse to challenge the competence of the Paris government in enforcing the league mandate. In its desperate striving for imperialist domination Britain is forced into the dangerous expediency of aiding revolts in colonies and mandated areas other than its own. But with or without the aid of imperialist states fighting against each other, the peoples of Asia and Africa are stirring to action and are long there will rise a wave of anti-imperialism, wreaking such vengeance upon the despotic nations that it will mark a turning point in the history of the world.

Fulfills Morgan Desire.

The league of nations and the permanent court of international justice, by their decisions, do not overcome the world wide antagonisms, but simply aggravate them.

On the world court today sits an American agent of the House of Morgan, Mr. John Bassett Moore, who participated in the conspiracy that granted Mosul to England. When the United States officially enters the world court other agents of Morgan will aid in preparing decisions submitted by the league of nations.

This is as Morgan desires, for this country entered the world court for one reason and one reason only and that was to enable Morgan to gain a political advantage in his struggle to dominate the whole world.

Next Article—The Beginning of the Fight.

WITH THE YOUNG WORKERS

CONDUCTED BY THE YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE

YOUNG WORKERS LEAD STRIKERS ON PICKET LINE

PASSAIC, N. J., Feb. 5 — Poetry and song woke up slumbering aristocracy during the week as the thousand pickets gathered outside the Botany and Garfield mills at 6:30 in the morning armed with old and new productions of music which stirred the air to the uttermost parts of the strike bound city.

While the textile mill workers are out in a life and death struggle with the bosses they make merry with singing and cause the exploiters much worry by lifting their voices in such songs as "Hold the fort, for we are coming; Workingmen, be strong; Side by side we battle onward; Victory will come."

"It ain't gonna rain no more," has been changed into "We ain't gonna slave no more." Clarence Miller, of the Young Workers League of New York City is responsible for this song which the strikers now sing every morning on the picket line:

The bosses ruled the mills,
The workers suffered, by heck,
But since the workers are on strike
The bosses get it in the neck.

(CHORUS:
Oh, We ain't gonna slave no more,
Oh, We ain't gonna slave no more,
That's what all the workers say,
We ain't gonna slave no more.

The bosses ruled the mills,
The workers were oppressed,
Weisbord gave the signal,
And the workers did the rest.

(CHORUS:
The bosses ruled Passaic,
The workers lived in hell,
But since workers got together
It is just running swell.

(CHORUS:
Oh we ain't gonna work no more,
We ain't gonna work no more,
Until we get our ten per cent,
We ain't gonna work no more.

The superintendent threatens
That if on strike we go,
Back to school they'll ship us,
But he'll find us rather slow.

(CHORUS:
John was a boss
No overtime he paid,
But when we'll have our union
On his back he will be laid.

(CHORUS:
ALL NEW JERSEY EXECUTIVES MEET.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 5 — All the executive committees of the New Jersey sub-district league will meet on Sunday afternoon February 14th at 2:30, at the Newark Labor Lyceum, 704 So. 14th Street, Newark, N. J. Important matters of the sub-district will be discussed, including the matter of putting over the "sub" drive.

SEND YOUR SHOP BULLETINS TO N. E. C.

The national executive committee is attempting to arrange for interchange of shop bulletins between units in all parts of the country.

For this purpose it calls upon all sections of the league to send in their bulletins to the national office. In return for those sent in we will send copies from other cities and nuclei.

Come Ahead Into the Young Workers League

Who Are the "Big Four" Meat Packers?

ARTICLE II.
Swift and Company.

Swift and company, was incorporated in Illinois April 1, 1885, to acquire the packing business of G. F. Swift company. It controls thru interlocking directorates the National Leather company and its subsidiaries, the Libby, McNeill & Libby company and its subsidiaries and the Compania Swift Internacional S. A. C. and its subsidiaries.

The Swift & company proper owns packing plants in Chicago, Kansas City, South Omaha, East St. Louis, South St. Joseph, South St. Paul, Fort, Denver, Milwaukee, St. Louis and New York with distributing centers in nearly every large city in the United States.

Own Canneries.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, one of the companies that Swift formed to take care of the canning and packing of food products have large plants in Chicago and other parts of the United States. It has large holdings in Hawaii where natives are forced to work long hours on the company plantations where a slavery greater than that of the Negro in the pre-civil war days prevails. On these vast plantations pineapples are grown that are later canned and sent all over the world. In Alaska, Libby, McNeill & Libby fisheries employ thousands of workers to catch and can salmon. Some of the workers that work in the fisheries and canneries there have been shanghaied in American ports and shipped to Alaska. Many of the workers are Chinese and Japanese. Low wages, the worst of food, dirty

bunkhouses are some of the things that workers must contend with. Many of the workers in these fisheries are diseased, some having syphilis. The products that are canned here are sold all over the world. All attempts are made by Swift & company to hide their control of this combine. Five of the Swift company heads are in the directorate of this company.

Big Leather Holdings.

The National Leather company, incorporated in Maine in 1919, was formed to take over the leather and tanning business of the Swift & company. This company owns the entire capital stock of the A. C. Lawrence Leather company, the National Calf Skin company and the Winchester Tannery all of Boston. It has a great interest in the Ashland Leather company of Ashland, Ky., the St. Joseph Tanning company of St. Joseph, Mo., and thru its subsidiaries owns the Chinch River Extract company of St. Paul, Virginia. It also owns 50 per cent of the \$3,500,000 of the capital stock of the England Walton company. The National Leather company has extensive holdings in different parts of the south of timberland. It also owns many extract manufacturing plants.

Fingers in South America.

The Compania Swift Internacional, S. A. C. was incorporated in 1918 in the Argentine Republic to take over the business and plants of the Swift interests in the Argentine Republic, Uruguay, Brazil, Paraguay and Australia. This subsidiary of the Swift & company, which has its offices in Chicago, owns the entire capital stock

STUDENT MASSES BEGIN TO MOVE

WITHIN the last several months greater strike activity has been going on among the students than ever before. In Chicago and New York school strikes have developed over the machinations of politicians in building new schools. In New York especially the strike is beginning to spread to many others besides the ones it started in until it now involves in Public School 148 and 219, and several others especially in Wilkesburg to the number of about six or seven thousand children.

The Cleveland board of education in response to a general demand among the students has eliminated military training from the curriculum despite the opposition of Newton D. Baker and other war mongers. In Columbus, Ohio the students are agitating against militarism in the Ohio State University—a vote on the question will take place in a few days. Thompson the president emeritus admits that despite all he could do the vote will be about ten to one against military training. In Coe College, Iowa, the student council of Coe College has adopted a resolution against military training.

In City College, New York several thousand students registered their vote against militarism.

The Young Workers (Communist) League is progressing in its attempt to build a united front against militarism. This tremendous protest bears no good to capitalism. Let them beware.

OHIO CONFERENCE IS PROGRESSING

With the Eastern Ohio conference of young miners to take place on Feb. 23, 1928, work is being intensified all along the line to make the conference a big success by rallying the mining youth of that section for a struggle in their own interests against the abominable conditions under which they live and work.

The national office of the Young Workers League has sent Comrade Harvey Murphy into the field as a special organizer to work with the district organizer, August Valentine. It is expected that delegates will be at the conference representing young miners from practically every coal mining camp in this section of the industry.

CHICAGO Y. W. L. CALLS MEMBERSHIP MEETING.

The district executive committee has called a membership meeting for Sunday Feb. 14, 1926 at 2:00 p. m. at Biltmore Hall, 2032 W. Division St. There will be two points on the agenda. First there will be an activity report by the district organizer Max Salzman. Then there will be a report on the industrial activities of the league by the district industrial organizer Comrade Meltz. After the reports there will be discussion from the floor. Comrades should be there on time.

A sub a day will help to drive capital away.

Come Ahead Into the Young Workers League

A sub a day will help to drive capital away.

Meeting Monday Nite Feb. 8th of New York Party Women; Urgent

NEW YORK, N. Y., Feb. 5 — A meeting of all housewives of the party and other women who are members of the international branches, will be held on Monday Feb. 8th at Manhattan Lyceum—66 E. 4th St., at 8 p. m.

The Communist International has laid down a program for work among women to be followed by all sections. This meeting will discuss this program and lay down plans for putting it into effect in the city of New York.

Every woman party member who is a housewife, or a member of the international branch must attend the meeting.

A sub a day will help to drive capital away.